

Webinar

Intelligent strategies for tomorrow's testing

Agenda

Lightning Talks



1 Testing of AI-based applications

Vimmi Walia

2 Self-healing pipelines

Manisha Mittal

3 Accessibility Testing

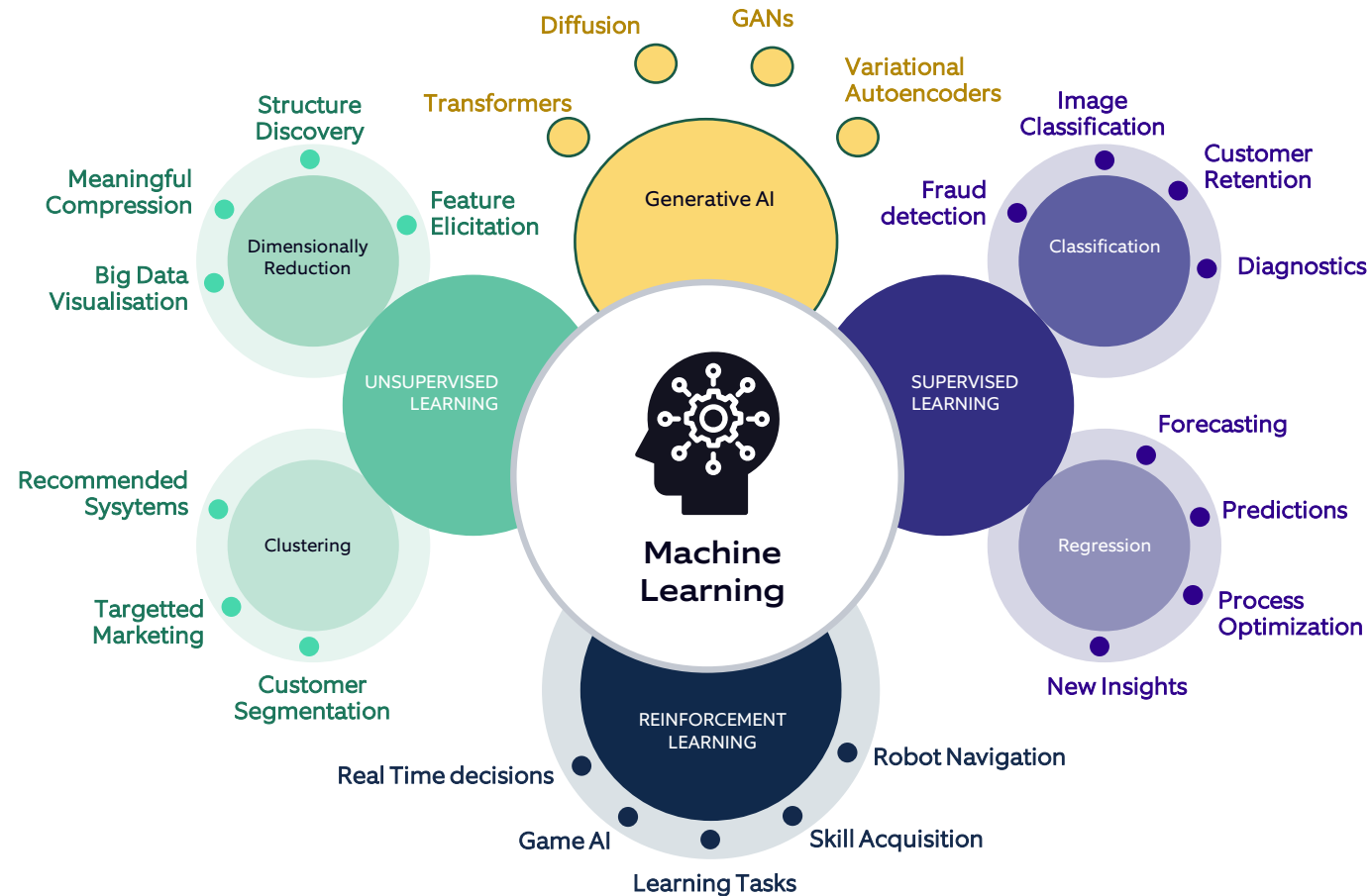
Anamika Mukhopadhyay

Intelligent strategies for tomorrow's testing

Testing of AI-based applications

Vimmi Walia

An insight into the AI world



Compute in AI has been doubling every 3.4 months since 2012.

By 2030, 70% of companies will adopt some AI.

AI could potentially add up to 16%, approximately \$13 trillion, to the global economy by 2030.

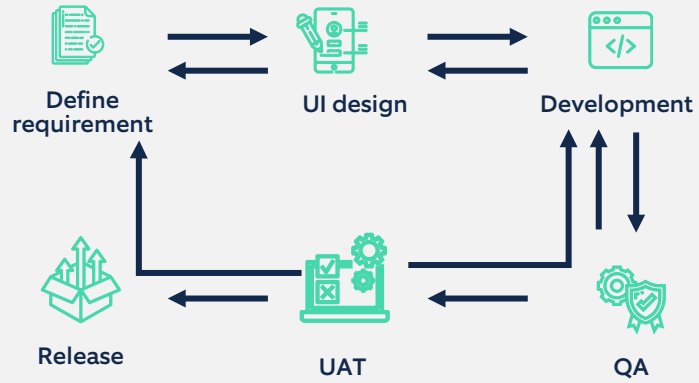
AI front-runners will double their cash-flow by 2030.

AI nonadopters and slow adopters lose -20% of their cashflow by 2030.

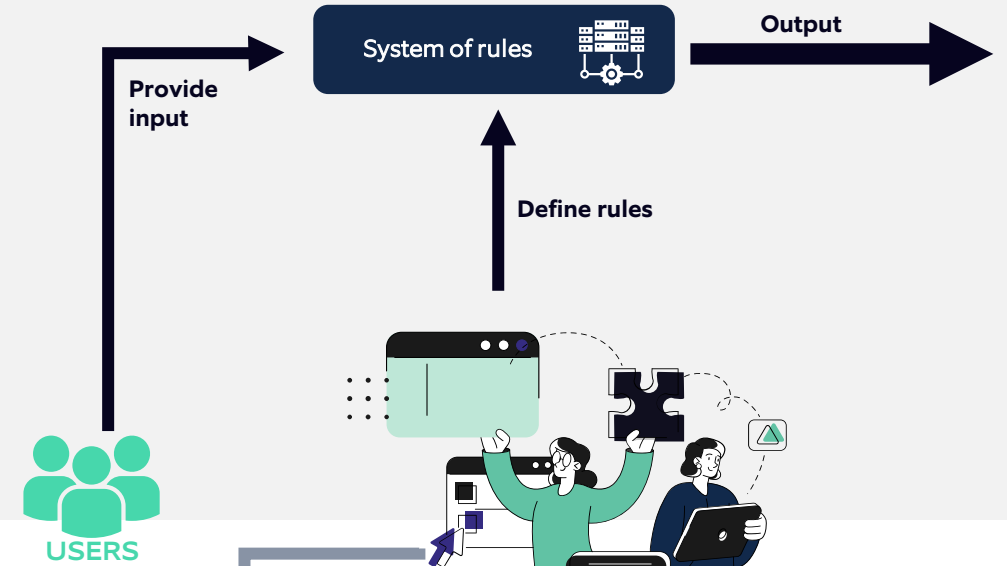
Traditional apps vs AI apps



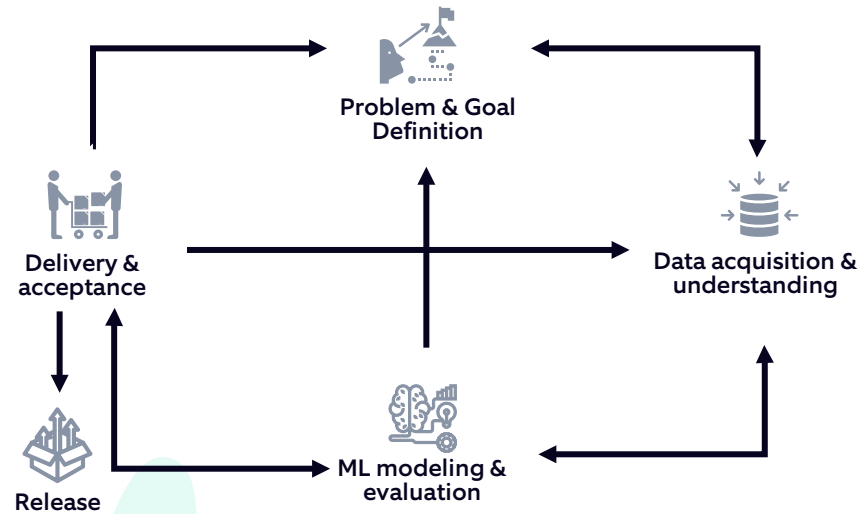
Agile SDLC



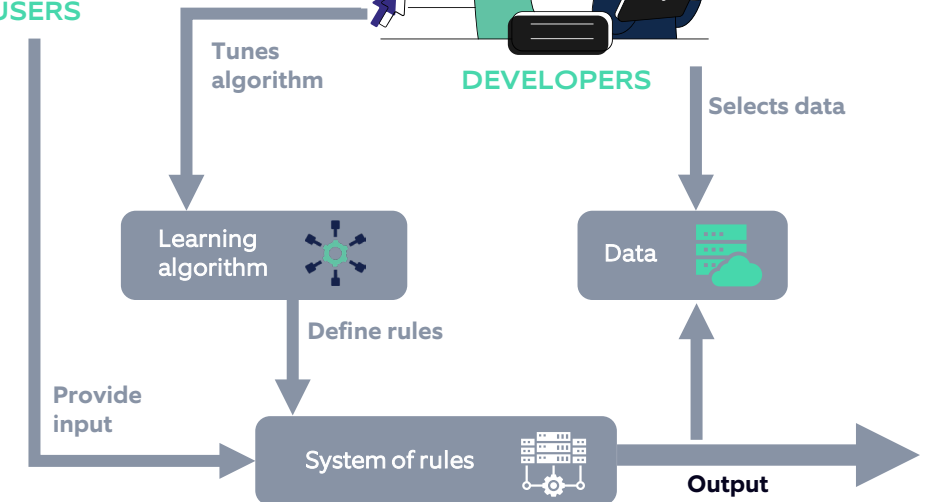
Traditional apps



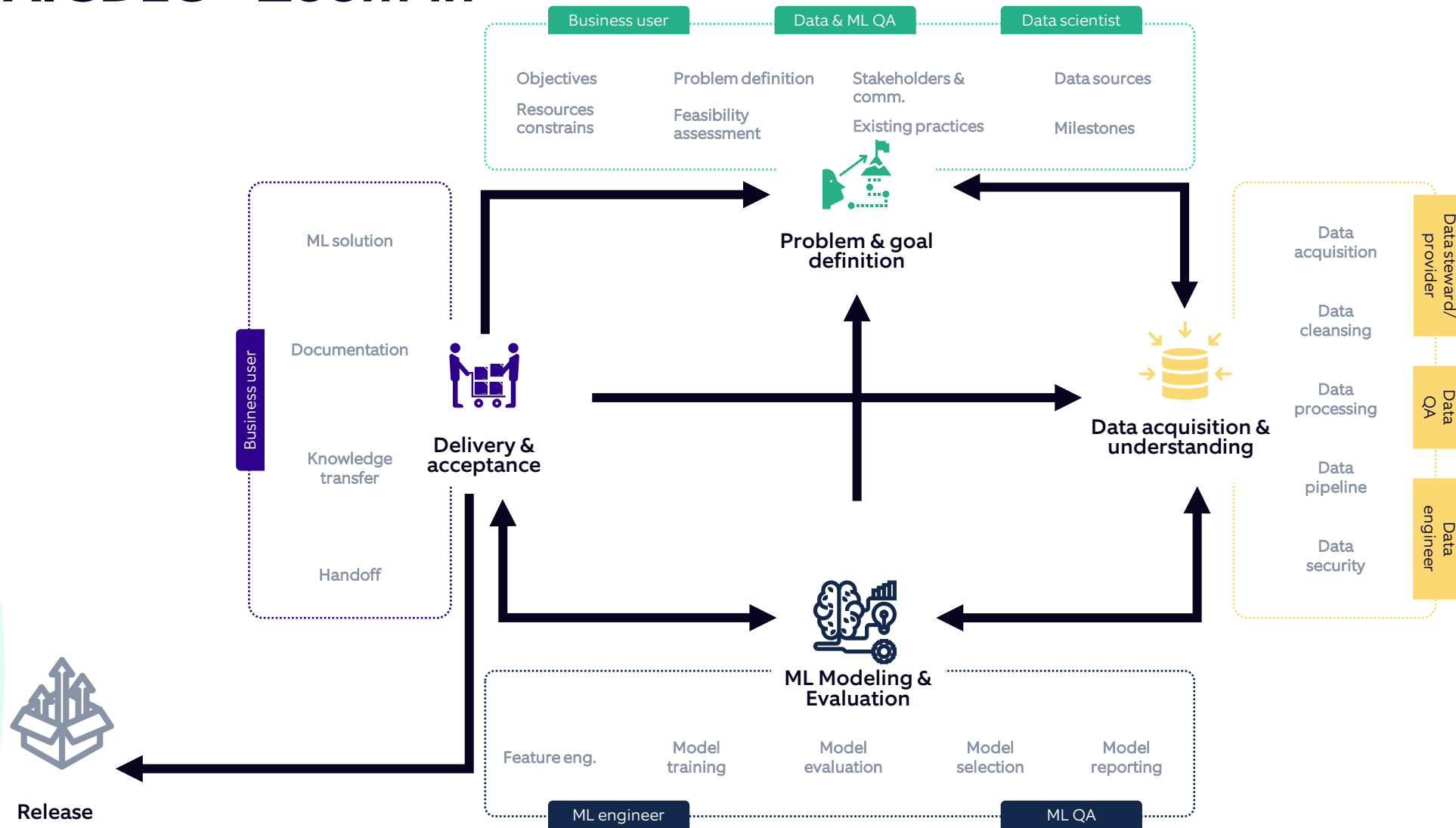
Machine Learning SDLC



AI apps



AI SDLC – Zoom-in





AI is not black box



01
Data collection



02
Data processing



03
AI : EDA, Feature Engineering, Model evaluation, Model selection



04
Data output



05
Data visualization

Supposedly
assumed
backbox

01

Algorithms : AI is a collection of complex mathematical functions/algorithms like Linear regression, Decision trees, Naive Bayes.



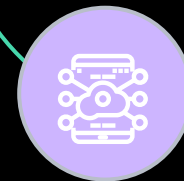
02

Probability: AI applications are based on probabilistic logic, hence the results are not black and white. We talk in term degree of accuracy.



03

Data: And it needs lots and lots of data to learn the required pattern using the chosen algorithm and model the required behaviour.



04

Model Training: Model is first trained with the training data set. To validate the model test data set is executed on the model.



05

Model drift: Many AI models evolve with time with the new data sets coming into the application.

Key takeaways



Customized test approach for every use case

The appropriate evaluation metrics can vary depending on the application context, requiring domain-specific knowledge to choose the right metrics.



Lack of determinism

Exhibit non-deterministic behavior. They may produce different results for the same input under different conditions or over time as they learn and adapt.



Data quality

Ensuring the quality, relevance, and representativeness of the data is critical.



Bias

Source Data may be biased, and the data used to train an AI system is not representative of the reality it's meant to model.



Model and data drift

The data that the model was trained on becomes outdated or no longer represents the current conditions.



Explainability

Many AI models, particularly deep learning models, are often referred to as "black boxes" due to their opaque decision-making process.



Intelligent strategies for tomorrow's testing

Automated anomalies detection with self-healing pipelines

Manisha Mittal

Problem statement



Are you facing these challenges in CI/CD & scared of losses which can occur due to OUTAGES?

- Manual intervention for error detection and resolution
- Manual inspection of data & logs is unmanageable & time consuming
- Limited scalability with complex systems
- Increased downtime and service disruptions
- Inefficient resource utilization
- Risk of human error and operational inefficiencies

Self-healing pipeline model

Self-healing model aims at an innovative approach for addressing the challenges faced by traditional deployment techniques.

These pipelines are designed to autonomously identify and resolve issues without requiring manual intervention.

By leveraging automation and intelligent algorithms, self-healing model can significantly improve the efficiency and reliability of the software development process

- Transitioning from reactive to proactive approach.
- Automating error detection and resolution.
- Embracing AI/ML for intelligent monitoring.
- Enhancing system resilience and reliability.



Key features of the DevOps self-healing model

01

Anomaly detection

Monitor -> Detect -> Trigger

Structured pipeline logs are used as input to AI-based anomaly detection algorithms to identify unusual or unexpected patterns in pipeline executions like sudden failures. For example, AI model can detect the failure cause of a pipeline execution like network issues, test timeout errors and many more.

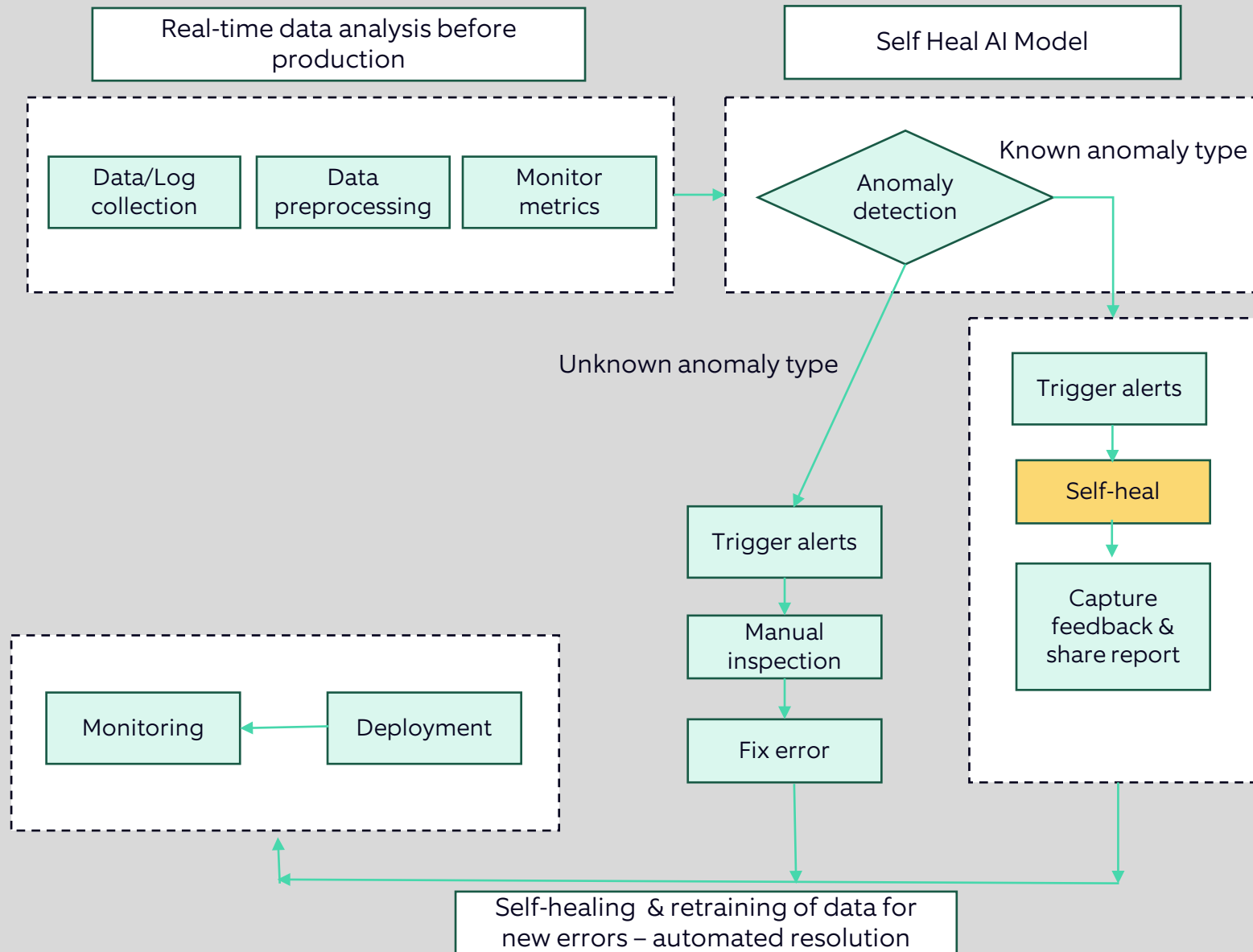
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Anomaly remediation

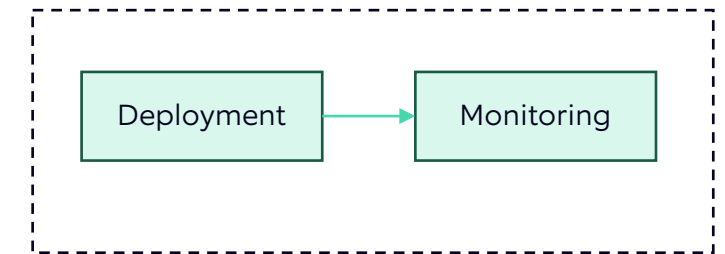
Analysis -> Remediation -> Validation -> Feedback loop

AI algorithms leverages historical data to automate remediation actions in response to detected anomalies or performance degradation. For example, restarting failed processes, reconfiguring system parameters, triggering alternative workflows and fallback mechanism & rollbacks.

How it works



Production deployment



The data and logs generated during **development** and **staging** are used to identify anomalies before releasing into production, while those in the **production** environment can be used to prevent system outages.

Self-healing pipeline scenarios



Network or connectivity issues

Pipeline execution fail if there are network issues or connectivity problems between CI/CD tools and external resources, such as source code repositories, artifact repositories, or external services.



Insufficient permissions

If the CI/CD tools user or service account does not have sufficient permissions to access required resources or perform specific actions within the pipeline, execution may fail due to permission errors.



Resource constraints

If the CI/CD tools master or agent nodes experience resource constraints, such as CPU or memory limitations, pipeline execution fail due to resource exhaustion or timeouts.



Timeouts

If certain stages or steps in the pipeline take longer than the configured timeout threshold, CI/CD tools terminates the pipeline execution, resulting in failure.



Environment configuration issues

Pipeline execution may fail if there are issues with the configuration of the execution environment, such as incorrect environment variables, incompatible software versions, or missing dependencies.



Version control issues

If there are conflicts, merge failures, or other issues with version control repositories (e.g., Git, SVN) that the pipeline relies on for source code, pipeline execution may fail.

External service failures

If the pipeline interacts with external services, APIs, or webhooks, failures or downtime in those services can cause pipeline execution to fail.

Script security restrictions

If CI/CD tools is configured with strict script security settings, pipeline execution fail if the pipeline script violates security policies or tries to execute disallowed operations.

Challenges in achieving the self-healing



Cultural shift

Adopting a self-healing mindset necessitates a cultural shift, trusting automated systems with critical tasks, and embracing proactive problem-solving.



Security concerns

Automated responses raise security concerns, particularly regarding access control and authorization, demanding that self-healing mechanisms prioritize system security.



Algorithm selection

Selecting appropriate algorithms for anomaly detection and decision-making is complex, considering different issues and use cases.



Accurate decision

Ensuring precise anomaly and issue detection is vital for effective self-healing to avoid unnecessary interventions or overlooked problems impacting system reliability.



Monitoring and feedback loops

Establishing robust monitoring and feedback loops is crucial for refining self-healing mechanisms through continuous system performance monitoring and user feedback analysis.

Key takeaways



Autonomous problem solving: Detects and corrects issues without human intervention

Resilience and reliability: Reduces downtime, ensures smooth operations

Cost-efficiency: Saves time, resources, and mitigates risks

Scalability: Adapts to changing demands seamlessly

Continuous improvement: Feedback loops & iterative improvements



Intelligent strategies for tomorrow's testing

Accessibility Testing

Anamika Mukhopadhyay



What is Accessibility?

- Refers to the design and development of products, services, and environments that can be accessed and used by individuals with disabilities
- It aims to eliminate barriers and provide equal access and opportunities for everyone, regardless of their abilities

No longer a choice, it's a requirement!



accessibility

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

a11y

=

Tomorrow's
testing
need



An estimated 1.3 billion people experience significant disability. This represents 16% of the world's population, or 1 in 6 of us (WHO).

The accessibility market is expected to grow at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 6.20 % from 2023 to 2028.

In 2020, companies faced over 3,500 website accessibility lawsuits in the United States, according to data from Usable.net.

3.7% of the world's top 1 million website homepages are WCAG 2.1, level 2 compliant (WebAIM million).

Why is Accessibility needed ?



User experience



Legal compliance



Equal access



Social responsibility



Business benefits



Innovation and creativity

The power of the web is in its universality. Access by everyone regardless of disability is an essential aspect.

-Tim Berners-Lee, Director of the W3C and inventor of the web

Some consequences of lack of a11y



2005



vs



2012



National Association
of the Deaf

vs

NETFLIX

2017

Dennis
Haynes

vs



2017

Maria
Mendizabal

vs



2018

Himelda
Mendez

vs



2019

Guillermo
Robles

vs



2022

Rafael
Cordero

vs



Electronic
Arts

Reference:

- <https://www.whoisaccessible.com/guidelines/largest-web-accessibility-lawsuits/>
- <https://topclassactions.com/lawsuit-settlements/lawsuit-news/apple-class-action-lawsuit-says-website-inaccessible-blind/>

Laws/Regulations



US

United States

Americans with Disabilities Act
(ADA)

GB

United Kingdom

Disability
Discrimination Act (DDA)

EU

European Union

European Accessibility Act
(EAA)

CA

Canada

Accessible Canada Act
(ACA)

AU

Australia

Disability Discrimination
Act (DDA)

Testing for success: A comprehensive accessibility strategy



Manual testing

Making use of assistive technology like screen readers, speech recognition software and special adaptive keyboards



Color contrast analyzers to identify color and contrast related issues



HTML/CSS parsers, bookmarklets, PDF accessibility checkers for code review

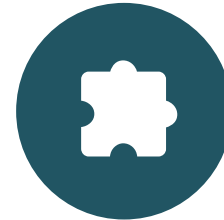


Keyboard-only accessibility to ensure that each element of the page is accessible through the keyboard



Automated testing

Integrate plug-ins like Axe into the development workflow to expedite testing process



Browser extensions like Axe, Wave for accessibility issues



Command line tools like Axe CLI to perform automated accessibility testing and execute repetitive tasks



Incorporate artificial intelligence to analyze and identifying accessibility issues



**Accessibility
testing strategy**

Tools and Domains



Automated Testing Tools

Web



Accessibility Insights



Wave



Axe



Tenon.io

Tenon



pa11y



Lighthouse

Browser Extensions

Mobile



Accessibility Insights



Wave



Axe



Accessibility Scanner



Axe Dev Tools

Manual Testing Tools

Screen Readers

Colour Contrast



NVDA



JAWS



Talkback



Voiceover



Contrast
WCAG
WCAG Color Contrast

Domains



BFSI



Telecom



Travel and Logistics



Aviation



Automotive



Ecommerce



Energy and Utilities



Entertainment



Life Sciences and Healthcare



Public Sector



ISV



Media and Publishing



**By 2025, the
number of
differently abled
people
employed will
triple, reducing
barriers to
access**

**Let's work together to make a positive impact
on our customers and our community.**



Thank you

aqt@nagarro.com